

Quad-Double computation package
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To build this library, follow the steps below.
Some system specific notes are at the end of this file.

Build Instructions

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1. Run the configure script by typing

```
./configure
```

The script will attempt to automatically detect various system-dependent variables used during compilation (such as the C++/fortran compiler, compiler flags, and linker flags).

If you want to specify a particular C++ / F90 compiler and their flags, you can set them as environmental variables. For example:

```
FC=ifc FCFLAGS="-O2 -FR" ./configure
```

Important variables are

CXX	C++ compiler to use
CXXFLAGS	C++ compiler flags to use
CC	C compiler to use (for C demo program)
CFLAGS	C compiler flags to use (for C demo program)
FC	Fortran 90 compiler
FCFLAGS	Fortran 90 compiler flags to use
FCLIBS	Fortran 90 libraries needed to to link with C++ code.

See ./configure --help to see other options.

3. The configure script should also have created the files 'config.h' and 'include/qd/qd_config.h', which will contain the compile time defines. Examine these and edit them if necessary. In most cases no edits are necessary, since the options are detected when configure was run.
4. Type "make". This will build the library, and necessary Fortran wrappers.
5. Optionally, one can build and run some simple test programs. To do this, type "make check". Some programs run during this phase is a good demonstration of how to use the qd library in C++.
6. You can now install the QD library by issuing "make install".
7. If you want to build some sample programs written in C++ you can type "make cpp-demo".

8. If you want to build some sample programs written in Fortran 90, you can type "make fortran-demo".
9. If you want to compile the Experimental Mathematician's Toolkit, type "make toolkit". This will compile the Fortran-90 codes in the toolkit directory, including the "mathinit" and "mathtool" Read the "README" file in the toolkit directory for additional details.

System-Specific Notes

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Linux x86 / Itanium

You can use g++ to compile the C++ code. The Fortran 90 codes can be compiled using Intel Fortran 95 compiler

<http://www.intel.com/software/products/compilers/flin/>

available freely for non-commercial uses. There is also a C++ compiler available (for non-commercial use) at

<http://www.intel.com/software/products/compilers/clin/>

which can be used to compile the C++ portion. By default the configure script will use the Intel compiler if found.

Apple (OS X)

For Apple OS X Intel-based systems, it is recommended that you use the g++-4.0 (or higher) compiler and the gfortran compiler. The g++-4.0 (or higher) compiler and related command-line tools are now available via this URL (see command-line tools):

<https://developer.apple.com/downloads/index.action>

The gfortran compiler can be downloaded from:

<http://www.macresearch.org/files/gfortran/gfortran-4.3-Nov.mpkg.zip>

After installing these compilers, in the main qd directory type

```
./configure CXX=g++ FC=gfortran FCFLAGS=-m64
```

then type "make" to construct the library. See the "README" file on how to construct a compile-link script for your own codes.

IBM (Power)

With IBM's xlc/xlf90 compilers, you may want to experiment with --enable-fma option which uses a faster code but relies on the compiler to generate a fused multiply-accumulate instruction.

WARNING: since the compiler is not required to produce such instructions, this is not guaranteed to work. Please test before using.

